

THE BARRE DAILY TIMES
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5, 1908.

Money Talks, But Talk Isn't
Money. Talking about insurance writes no policies. Pay our premiums and buy our absolute promise of protection. 59th year. National Life Insurance company, Montpelier, Vt. (Mutual).
S. S. Ballard, general agent, Montpelier, Vt.; N. B. Ballard, local agent, Barre, Vt.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Excursion to Plattsburgh Aug. 4. See adv. on page 2.
Delicious ice cream at wholesale and retail at the Vermont Fruit Store.
Cash paid for watches, diamonds, gold and silver jewelry. Burr, the Jeweler.
The Cate Real Estate agency has some new bargains on the market. See adv.
Remember the "Red Tag sale" of tan and other shoes and oxfords at the C. S. Andrews' shoe store.
Stone cutters' glasses. All prices from 20 cents to \$2.00 each. L. P. Austin, the watch and clock man.
Hay! Mr. Fisherman—Knox Skeeter Skoot will keep them away so that you can give your whole attention to the festive trout.
If you want to put up at the largest and most modern lodging house in western Vermont, go to A. H. Buzzell's 20-room house on Pearl street, Barre Vt. Office on the ground floor, No. 28. Look for the sign.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Blood Bitters makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

Stops itching instantly. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, tetter, itch, hives, herpes, scabies—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

For a mild, easy action of the bowels, a single dose of Doan's Regulators is enough. Treatment cures habitual constipation. 25 cents a box. Ask your druggist for them.

"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease—croup. Has been used with success in our family for eight years."—Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo, N. Y.

GRANITEVILLE.
There will be a dance at Unity Temple, South Barre, Tuesday evening, August 4. Riley's orchestra.

NOTICE TO CITY OF BARRE TAXPAYERS.
The city council of the city of Barre has this day placed the tax-bill for the year 1908 in my hands for collection. Said taxes are now due and payable on or before August 10, 1908.
All taxes unpaid on August 10, will be turned over to the constable for collection with five per cent, added thereto and the fees allowed by law for collection.
City of Barre, Vermont, July 1st, 1908.
James Mackay, Treasurer.

WOOD
Block Wood, per cord \$3.93
Limb Wood, per cord 2.25
Chair Wood, per cord 2.50
Soft wood slabs 1.75

SAND
Sand of all kinds and in any quantity, for cement or for plastering. Sand near Websterville, also.

PIGS FOR SALE
For further particulars inquire of
L. J. BOLSTER,
Telephone 40-2,
283 North Main Street, Barre, Vermont.

BUY COAL NOW!
Purchase your winter's supply of coal now. Remember: every lump of our coal is a lump of powerful heat.
July prices for D. & H. and Scranton free-burning coals are:
Egg, Stove and Nut.....\$8.05
Lehigh, 25c to 50c higher.
A discount of 25c a ton for cash.

D. M. MILES COAL CO.
Office 122 N. Main St., Yards off Blackwell.

Coal, Coal!
D. & H. Lackawanna, Scranton, Egg, Stove and Nut.....\$8.05
Grate.....7.70
Lehigh 25c per ton advance.
The above prices subject to 25c per ton discount for cash.

Calder & Richardson,
Depot Square. Phone 45-4.

COAL
Buy now and save the advance of 10 cents per ton per month.
Egg, Stove and Nut.....\$8.05
Lehigh, 25c a ton extra.
Cash discount of 25c a ton if paid in ten days.
MORSE & JACKSON,
Morse Block. Telephone 237-21.

RANDOLPH
Participants in Neighborhood Row Given a Lecture by State's Attorney.

The vicinity known as "lower Canada" was the scene of quite a disturbance on Monday, when the children there engaged in a quarrel, which resulted in one having its arm bitten and other accidents. Complaint was made to M. M. Wilson and the members of two families residing in that locality were summoned to meet at the lawyer's office on Tuesday morning to rehearse their grievances before Justice H. W. McIntyre. Much good advice was given the children and parents and the children let off on probation in the hope that in the future a more peaceable atmosphere will prevail in that vicinity.

The Rev. Father Penders went to Barre Tuesday morning for a short time.
Mrs. Gladding Hooker went to Plainfield Tuesday for a month's stay with her mother and brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry O'Connell have returned from a two weeks' stay in Providence and Newport, R. I.

Miss Annie Scott has been entertaining her uncle, Nelson Perkins of Northampton, Mass., a few days.

Mrs. Robert Coy left here for her father's in Bethel after remaining a guest at Mrs. W. B. Viall's for several days.
E. L. Emery left yesterday for Bethel and Barnard, where he will spend his vacation from Charles Thurston's store.

Mrs. Solon Sulham and children have returned to her home in North Attleboro after spending ten days here with relatives.

Mrs. J. E. Wilcox and her family left for Richmond on Tuesday, where she joins Mr. Wilcox and will make a permanent home.

The canning factory began the work of putting up beans and quite a force of help were already at work there Monday afternoon.

E. E. Badger of Danville was in town yesterday looking up houses with a view to purchasing a home in this place for a permanent residence.

Miss Carrie Smith of New York City has arrived and is passing her vacation with her mother, who lives in the Martin block, Randolph avenue.

Mrs. H. H. Goodwin and her daughter, Geraldine, left here for her home in Rutland Tuesday, after having passed ten days with Mrs. Fred Dunn and other friends in town.

Misses Mary and Ida Goodyear of Durand, Michigan, recently visited Mrs. E. E. Gonyea, on their way to Boston and New York, and on their return will spend a few days here.

Albert Dales, who at present resides in one of the Rising houses on Weston street, has purchased the house on Hule street now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Tobey, and the one adjoining it of the Williams estate and will move there as soon as it is vacated.

GROTON

Mrs. A. E. Freeman who has been visiting here for a few weeks left Friday for Williams-town where Mr. Freeman is working.

The Republican Caucus for the nomination of a representative to the General Assembly has been called to meet August 8 at 1 p. m., at School house hall.

Mrs. M. S. Eddy and daughter Olive and Doris left yesterday for Willoughby Lake where Rev. Mr. Eddy is spending his vacation. The family will be absent several weeks.

Editor Lord and family are occupying their cottage at Groton pond, Mr. and Mrs. James Frost and children the cottage of E. F. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cochran and S. C. Carpenter and families are also passing the week.

Mrs. Emma J. Clark left yesterday in company with Mrs. Alexander Cochran of Wells River, for Boston Mass., and will go from there to North Dennis on Cape Cod for a two weeks outing on the beach. Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Clark of Harrisburg, Pa., and Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fletcher of Boston will also be members of the party.

Mrs. Melissa Cole died Saturday evening at her home in the village, after an illness of several months from cancer of the liver. Mrs. Cole was born in Marshfield sixty-six years ago, and was the daughter of David and Lydia Young. She moved to this place from Topsham about eighteen years ago. Funeral services were held at her late home Monday afternoon, Rev. S. H. Myers officiating and burial was in the village cemetery.

Why James Lee Got Well.

Everybody in Zanesville, O., knows Mrs. Mary Lee of rural route 8. She writes: "My husband, James Lee, firmly believes he owes his life to the use of Dr. King's New Discovery. His lungs were so severely affected that consumption seemed inevitable, when a friend recommended New Discovery. We tried it, and its use has restored him to perfect health." Dr. King's New Discovery is the king of throat and lung remedies. For coughs and colds it has no equal. The first dose gives relief. Try it! Sold under guarantee at Red Cross Pharmacy, Rickert & Well's drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

EAST BARRE AND WEBSTERVILLE.

Regular meeting of Winchelsea Tribe, I. O. R. M., Thursday evening. A good attendance is desired; work, the warrior's degree.

To the Users of City Water.

On account of the dry weather and shortage of water, all hose use must be discontinued.

O. C. Russell, Supt.

IN LOCAL MARKETS

Fresh Eggs Firm and in Good Demand.

DRESSED PORK IS EASIER.

Brings from 8c to 8½c This Week—
Creamery Butter 26c, Fancy Dairy 25½c—Native Potatoes Down to 90c.

Barre, Vt., Aug. 5, 1908.
Fresh eggs firm and in good demand. Fancy butter firmer. Dressed pork easier. Wholesale quotations:
Dressed pork—Easier at 8½c.
Dressed veals—Plenty at 9c.
Lamb—11½c.
Poultry—14½c.
Butter—Creamery, 26c; fancy dairy, 25½c.
Fresh eggs—24c.
Native potatoes—Per bushel 90c.

IN RICKER'S MARKET.

Receipts For The Past Week as Given Out Today.

St. Johnsbury, Aug. 5.—The receipts for the week at W. A. Ricker's market are as follows:
Poultry, 800 pounds—\$8.20.
Lamb, 50—36.50.
Hogs, 400—36.50.
Cattle, 40—26.40.
Calves, 200—21.50.
Milk cows—\$28.40.

IN BOSTON MARKETS.

Butter Buyers Are Holding Off For Better Prices.

Boston, Aug. 5.—The local butter market is quiet but fairly steady. Buyers seem to be holding off with the idea that the weakness at outside markets will be felt here, but receivers are still holding for the prices they have asked right along, and no sales of fine northern creamery are heard of under 24½c. Defective goods are easy, but the quality is the factor in that case. The cheese market is quiet but firm in the lack of large supplies; receipts are not only moderate, but include very little stock that does not show the effects of the heat. There is a good, firm demand for fancy, fresh eggs, the receipts of which are small.
Quotations follow:
Butter—Creamery, extra Vermont and New Hampshire 24c, northern New York 24c, western 23½c, firsts, northern 22½c, western 22½c, eastern creamery, best marks 23c, fair to good 21½c, dairy, fancy 22½c, common to good 19½c, western imitation creamery 20½c, western ladies 17c, 19½c, packing stock 16½c, renovated butter 19½c, boxes and prints 18c.
Cheese—New York twins, fancy 12½c, 12½c, fair to good 10½c to 11½c, Vermont twins, fancy 12c, fair to good 10½c to 11½c.
Eggs—Fancy henney 29c, eastern extras 27c, common to good 18c, 22c, western fancy 20½c to 21c, choice 18c, common to good 16c to 17c, dirties 12c to 13c.
Note—The above quotations represent the prices obtained by receivers for wholesale quantities and are not jobbing prices.

SILOS FOR THE POULTRY.

Green Food Can Easily Be Kept and Is of Much Value.

Every good farmer has a silo for his cattle and why not make a silo for the poultry? asks the Mirror and Farmer. Something more than the usual rations of dry grain could be provided during the winter and a good deal saved in the cost of food and also benefits derived from the change. A good strong barrel may be used as a silo. Use any kind of green food, pack it tightly in the barrel, lay heavy weights on it so as to exclude the air and it will keep nicely, provided of course that it is very dry when packed. If any moisture is allowed on the green stuff it would probably mildew and thus be unfit for use. Everything should be cut up very fine before putting into the barrel. It is just about the proper time for doing such work, as the farmer has a great deal of green material that can be utilized in this manner and he will be very glad, when winter time arrives, that he has taken a few minutes now and then and prepared it.
Save a little each day if it cannot all be secured at one time, putting it under shelter and then, some rainy day, it can be cut up and packed when there is plenty of time. Hens that refuse to lay in winter can be prevailed upon to do so only by the use of food and warmth. Those two things are essential, but there is nothing as important to the hens as to have food that is out of the ordinary in the winter. They get tired of the same thing week in and week out, and it is not to be wondered at that they refuse to lay. They must be comfortable and have food that is not only nourishing and enables them to sustain their bodies but it also must contain the elements of the egg. Green food contains more nitrogen than any other kind of food that may be given to the hens, and it is one of the easiest things to do to cut it and pack it down for winter use, when compared to the cost of other foods that have to answer

so many purposes. Nearly all of the food to be used in winter may be saved or prepared on the farm during the summer if the farmer would stop to prepare it.

Pruning Apple Trees.

One should begin when they are small to trim trees for satisfactory shape and ability to hold up large crops, and a fair number of limbs, from six to 10 or even 12, will make a more satisfactory and I believe longer-lived tree than a crocheted (two limbed) or three or four main limbs, especially when they start from the trunk near together. Pears, if trees are well formed when bought, require little pruning, except to cut out extra small branches occasionally, says a writer in the Rural New Yorker. Cherries will also take care of themselves fairly well. Plums vary growth with the different varieties; the upright growers should be headed lower, even a foot high for Abundance and Wickson making a satisfactory orchard tree, whilst Hurlbank under most circumstances would not. Apples I prefer to trim or prune quite a little when young. Although I do not try to grow our young trees flat, some varieties can be grown so very easily, Rhode Island Greenings, Williams, etc., while Sutton Beauty and Wealthy would try one's patience to make a flat top when young. Every fruit grower understands that after a tree reaches bearing age and has borne a heavy crop or two the branches never go back to their original position, but the tree grows flat in shape, especially if there are plenty of limbs properly started from its trunk, and this leaning over of the limbs is taken into consideration in growing the tree. Certain rules might help one who was inexperienced. Do all severe pruning when the trees are dormant. In setting a tree set the heaviest side toward the prevailing wind. If one side grows to overbalance the rest of tree, pinch back on young and fertilize the weak side on large ones. When young trees make a very rapid growth cut back when dormant to a proper shape, which will hold up its own growth.

WOLCOTT

"Uncle Nat" Jones has returned from Cabot.

P. N. Waterbury was in Craftsbury Sunday.

Miss Sybil Martin of Providence, R. I., is visiting her parents.

Thomas Little is working for the Morse Manufacturing company.

Charles Lawrence of Hardwick was a guest of friends in town Sunday.

William LaFleur of Alburg was a guest of relatives in town over Sunday.

D. E. Houghton has vacated the "Wolcott House" and moved to Hardwick.

Miss Isabelle Bishop of Waterbury is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Tilton.

Work has been commenced by the St. J. & L. C. R. R. Co. on the crossing at Potteryville.

Louis Liberty of Morrisville was a guest at the home of his uncle, C. M. Woods, over Sunday.

H. A. Parker and wife spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Goodrich, at Hardwick.

W. T. Mead, a former station agent here but now residing in Boston, and bride spent Sunday at J. W. Scott's.

W. L. Tiltonson and wife of Littleton, spent the past week at the home of his mother, Mrs. Mary Tiltonson.

THE VOICE OF LINCOLN.

The Great Emancipator Placed Labor Above Capital.

There is one point with its connections, not so hackneyed as most others, to which I ask a brief attention. It is the effort to place capital on an equal footing with labor, if not above, labor in the structure of government. It is assumed that labor is available only in connection with capital; that nobody labors unless somebody else, owning capital, somehow, by the use of it, induces him to labor.

This assumed, it is next considered whether it is best that capital shall hire laborers, and thus induce them to work by their own consent or buy them and drive them to it without their consent. Having proceeded thus far, it is naturally concluded that all laborers are either hired laborers or what we call slaves. Labor is prior to and independent of capital. Capital is only the fruit of labor and could never have existed if labor had not first existed. Labor is the superior of capital and deserves much the higher consideration.—Message to Congress, December, 1861.

Oldest Union in Alabama.

Typographical union No. 27, Mobile, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest labor organization in Mobile. Mobile Typographical association was organized in 1836, and twenty years later it was succeeded by the present organization. No. 27 is today in excellent condition both financially and in point of membership. A portion of the tribute paid to the organization at the recent memorial services was as follows:

"In its long career the union has had in its ranks many men of influence and usefulness in the community, and its record is a pleasing one. During the war between the states the union furnished brave and patriotic men to go to the front, and its record, too, attests the truth of this statement, for it is noted that during that unfortunate period many meetings were missed, and in one place (1863) the secretary recorded: 'No meeting in May. Cause—all in the army.' Of this Congressman George W. Taylor wrote: 'What a splendid record! Who can come up to it? Some gave their lives in battle, and others returned home with scars or wounds.'"

Farm and Garden
THE FRUIT CROP.

Some Ideas Worth Putting Into Practice Next Season.

It is a mistake to suppose that fruit bearing plants will do their best if they receive attention only now and then. Irregular care will not amount to much. Moreover, the cultivator should, as soon as the bearing season is over, begin to consider what may be done to induce a better crop next year.
Many old plantations of raspberries and blackberries that are filled with dead canes and weeds can be so renewed and renovated that they will bear an abundance of fine fruit. To keep a berry patch in the highest state of productiveness the old canes should be removed after fruiting and the young growth of small canes properly pruned out and thinned in the row. If this is neglected next year you will have a small crop of inferior berries, good neither to eat nor to sell.
Blackberries and the red or sucker varieties of raspberries require similar culture. In May begin to cultivate and to thin plants in the row. Blackberries should be thinned so the plants will stand at an average distance of



TRAINING THE PLANTS.

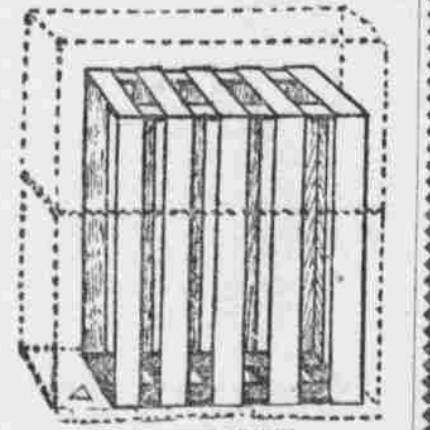
about one foot apart in the row. Save only the strongest and best canes. The width of the rows may be two feet, with a space of four feet between them. Keep the ground clean with cultivator and hoe and the soil stirred about the plants.

Keep in mind the tree form when pruning. Pinch off the top when the cane is about four feet high. The laterals will then grow, and you will have a bush something like a tree pruned to vase form. The laterals should be cut back to one or two feet in length, and the new growth will then make a bush of sufficient size to make a large crop.

Tender varieties that must be laid down in winter should not be so pruned. Blackcap raspberries and blackberries require more room between the plants in the row than red raspberries.

Cultivate, if possible, until July, then place a heavy mulch of straw manure between the rows to retain the moisture and furnish plant food. Set posts four or five feet high. Nail two pieces of board about two feet long and four inches wide horizontally on the posts, one at the top and one about three feet from the ground. Nail smooth fence wire to the ends of these boards or arms to support the canes.

The plan described for raspberries and blackberries may be best adapted to general culture, but there is another by which the finest dessert fruit may be grown. Set the plants about seven feet apart each way, allow only three or four canes to grow in a hill, set three posts around these in the form of a triangle and nail some wire around them for a support. Make the soil rich and cultivate both ways with a cultivator. In May of each year keep back all of the new canes except three or four of the strongest for next year's fruiting. Give clean cultivation until July, then mulch between the rows. If you wish to set a new patch of these



CONVENIENT CRATES.

berries select a deep clay loam, but make it only moderately rich with stable manure for raspberries, as the canes are less hardy in very rich soil.

The marketing of small fruit may be greatly facilitated by having a number of basket crates. A plan for such container is shown herewith. Its dimensions are so arranged that three of the crates can be made to occupy the space of two when it is desired to store them. The dotted lines indicate how the two crates may be arranged opening to opening so as to contain the third. The dimensions of the crate are shown on the top crate, the same being sixteen and one-eighth inches long, thirteen and one-eighth inches wide and twelve and one-eighth inches high, with two end cleats which makes the capacity equal to a bushel. By turning the paper to the right a better view of the crate may be had.

A Forcing Effect.

Fresh manure has a forcing effect and tends to produce stems and leaves at the expense of fruit and grain. It is therefore better for early garden truck, grasses and forage plants than for cereals or fruit.

In Seeking Bargains
Don't Overlook The Arcade
Quit Business Sale!

We do not select a few items for the sacrifice, but everything in the house is marked to sell quick. Ready-to-wear apparel for Men and Women is where we cut the price deep. The prices we now make will not remain always. You should come now.

THE ARCADE
Barre's Big Department Store.
Corner Main and Pearl Sts., - - Barre, Vermont.

Put to a Different Use.
Maude—I wonder why that man cuts the pages of his magazine with his finger?
Clara—Perhaps he is saving his knife to eat his pie with. — Detroit Tribune.

Just Like a Man.
If I were a girl I wouldn't wear my hair
With a hat to port,
And I would forego
Ten rings or so
And all junk of that sort.
If I were a girl I wouldn't put my foot
In a number three—
That is, not when
A nine or ten
Was the proper size for me.
If I were a girl I wouldn't try
To buy
A hat like a peak.
But truth's a pearl—
Were I a girl
I guess I'd be a freak.
—Washington Herald.

The Boy at the Foot.
"Now, boys," said the Sunday school teacher, addressing the juvenile class, "can either of you tell me anything about Good Friday?"
"Yes, ma'am, I can," replied the boy at the foot of the class. "He was the fellow that done the housework for Robinson Crusoe."

To Keep Cool Take a Bath.
The essentials of a good bath are: Good Soap, good Sponges, Bath Powder, etc. We have them all. Bath Soaps from 5c to 50c per cake. Pure Soaps—nothing better.

D. F. DAVIS, "The Druggist,"
262 NORTH MAIN STREET, - - BARRE, VERMONT

"He Who Is Best Prepared Gets Best Results."
High time we made plans for harvesting. A car of Iron Age Potato Diggers just received and it is the best digger that ever went into a potato field. Two horses can handle it, and it digs potatoes. Gasoline Engines, 1 to 10 H. P. in stock and ready to do your work. Threshers, Ensilage Cutters and Harvesting Machinery of all kinds, Binder Twine.
A. W. ALLEN, SUNNYSIDE FARM.
East Montpelier Road. Telephone 140-2.

Are You Ready for Your Vacation?
We are ready to rig you out with all necessary riggings you may need to rig yourself out for your vacation. You can save from \$2.00 up to \$5.00 on an outfit during this month and that will help to pay your car fare. Everything the best for men and boys to wear. See our window display—that's all.
S. J. SEGEL CO.,
Scamplin Block, Main Street.
Opposite Granite Street, a little way below Depot Square, Barre, Vermont.

An Advertisement in the Times Will Bring Sure Results.
Reliance Woodpecker Engines!
1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 10 Horse Power.
Water Jacket or Air Cooled. We have them both ways and guarantee them all right under full head for 10 hours.
All engines installed by the C. H. Taft Agency will be kept in running order without cost to the purchaser.
C. H. TAFT, RANDOLPH CENTER, VERMONT